



Institute of History and Archival Studies

winter semester:

Module I “Think Like Historians”

Uncovering the Ancient World – the Methods and Skills of Classical Studies	20 ECTS
New Perspectives on Contemporary History: Totalitarianisms in the 20th Century	
Iconography of power. Krakow and Poland as the important part of Europe	
Oral History	

Summer semester:

Module II “Education for Future”

Education, museum and culture	20 ECTS
How to teach History online?	
Cultural heritage of Poland as a part of an educational process	
Teaching about the Holocaust – history and present	



Course card

Course title	Uncovering the Ancient World – the Methods and Skills of Classical Studies		
Semester (winter/summer)	Winter	ECTS	5
Lecturer(s)	Adrian Szopa, PhD		
Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies		

Course objectives (learning outcomes)

The main aim of the course is to present distinctive features of the methods used in classical studies, which very often differ from those used in other historical periods. To achieve this aim, a teacher and students analyze wide range of auxiliary disciplines such as epigraphy, archeology, numismatic etc. and indicate the most important phenomena and tendencies which take place in classical studies. After completing the course students will be able to understand complexity and peculiarity of the ways by which scholars try to reveal the ancient past.

Prerequisites

Knowledge	Student has an overall knowledge at the high school diploma level.
Skills	Student has basic skills in gathering and analyzing information form the historical primary and secondary sources at the high school diploma level.
Courses completed	After completing the course students will be able to understand complexity and peculiarity of the ways by which scholars try to reveal the ancient past.

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type					
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)
Contact hours			15				

Teaching methods:

Lecture, discussion, exercises, e-learning, essay

Assessment methods:



	E-learning	Didactic games	Classes in schools	Field classes	Laboratory tasks	Individual project	Group project	Discussion participation	Student's presentation	Written assignment (essay)	Oral exam	Written exam	Other
	x							x		x			

Assessment criteria	At the end of the course students should deliver a short essay (max. 5 standard pages) on the topic chosen from the prepared list. The essay has to include the bibliography and references to the academic texts.
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Comments	Not applicable
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Course content (topic list)

<p>Introduction Ancient Historiography I Ancient Historiography II Textual criticism. Greek epigraphy. Roman epigraphy. Archeology. Numismatic.</p>

Compulsory reading (all necessary materials will be delivered by the teacher in due time)

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Beard M., Henderson, J., <i>Classics: A Very Short Introduction</i>, Oxford 2000. (fragments) 2. <i>A Companion to Greek and Roman Historiography</i>, Ed. Marincola J., Malden MA, Oxford, Carlton, 2007. (fragments) 3. Maas P., <i>Textual Criticism</i>, Oxford 1958. (fragments) 4. Mclean B. H., <i>An Introduction to Greek Epigraphy of the Hellenistic and Roman Periods from Alexander the Great Down to the Reign of Constantine (323 B.C.-A.D. 337)</i>, Ann Arbor 2002. (fragments) 5. Cooley A. E., <i>The Cambridge Manual of Latin Epigraphy</i>, Cambridge 2012. (fragments) 6. <i>Classical archaeology</i>, eds. Alcock S. E., Osborne R., Oxford 2007. (fragments) 7. <i>The Oxford Handbook of Greek and Roman Coinage</i>, ed. Metcalf W. E., Oxford 2012. (fragments)

Recommended reading

Hornblower, Simon; Spawforth, Anthony, eds. (2012). *Oxford Classical Dictionary* (4 ed.). Oxford and New York: Oxford University Press.

Cambridge Ancient History



Course card

Course title	Teaching about the Holocaust – history and present
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Semester (winter/summer)	summer	ECTS	5
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Lecturer(s)	dr Mateusz Drozdowski
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Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies
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Course objectives (learning outcomes)

Students will discuss the major events in history of the Holocaust.
 Students will be able to criticize and analyze various texts on the Holocaust and its memory.
 Students learn the most important facts from the history of Auschwitz and its postwar ways of commemoration.
 Students will read and analyze articles on Holocaust education and its current challenges
 Students learn about the history and present of teaching about the Holocaust in Poland
 Students will be able to recognize the similarities and differences in Holocaust education in different countries

Prerequisites

Knowledge	General knowledge on the World War II and the Holocaust
Skills	
Courses completed	

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type						
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)	
Contact hours			15					

Teaching methods:

lecture, discussion, field trip, presentation

Assessment methods:



	E-learning	Didactic games	Classes in schools	Field classes	Laboratory tasks	Individual project	Group project	Discussion participation	Student's presentation	Written assignment (essay)	Oral exam	Written exam	Other
				X		X		X	X	X			

Assessment criteria	Students are required to prepare an essay. The essay has to be at least 10 pages long and include the bibliography and references to the academic texts.
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Comments	
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Course content (topic list)

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Presentation of the course: content and teaching methods 2. The Holocaust as historical event 3. The Holocaust and its significance – terminology and interpretations 4. Teaching about the Holocaust in Poland: a historical perspective 5. Symbolism of Auschwitz and its meaning for different national and religious groups 6. Why should we teach about the Holocaust? 7. Holocaust education in the world - opportunities and obstacles 8. Holocaust educational centers and memorial sites in Poland and abroad
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Compulsory reading

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ambrosewicz-Jacobs, J. & Hońdo, L. (Eds.) (2005). <i>Why Should we Teach about the Holocaust?</i> Kraków: Centre for Holocaust Studies, Jagiellonian University • Szuchta, R. (2008). <i>Teaching about the Holocaust: Polish experiences on the threshold of the 21st Century</i>. In S. Rejak (Ed.), <i>Thinking after the Holocaust. Voices from Poland</i>. Warszawa-Kraków: Wydawnictwo MUZA SA. • Trojański P., (2014) <i>The legacy of the Holocaust in Poland and its educational dimension</i>, In. Lynn W. Zimmerman (Ed.), <i>Jewish Studies and Holocaust Education in Poland</i>, (pp. 78-93) Jefferson, NC : McFarland & Company Inc., Publishers • Mach, Z. (2006). <i>The Holocaust in public memory and collective identity of Poles</i>. D. Nałęcz & M. Edgaro (Eds). <i>Fact and Lies in the Common Knowledge on the Holocaust</i> (pp. 99-103). Warsaw-Cracow: Oficyna Wydawnicza ASPRA-JR. • <i>The International status of education about the Holocaust. A global mapping of textbooks and curricula</i>, Georg Eckert Institute, UNESCO 2015 (http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0022/002287/228776e.pdf) • Trojański, P., (2014) Teaching ABOUT or teaching FOR?: Holocaust education in the context of education for the prevention of crimes against humanity, In. <i>Korczakian reminiscences: selected aspects of the times and legacy of Janusz Korczak</i>, (Eds.) Agnieszka Chłosta-Sikorska, Hanna Stępniewska-Gębik, Piotr Trojański, Kraków: Wydawnictwo Naukowe Uniwersytetu Pedagogicznego

Recommended reading

- Chrobaczyński J, Trojański P. (2015), *Auschwitz and Katyn in Political Bondage. The Process of Shaping Memory in Communist Poland*, In. Malgorzata Pakier, Joanna Wawrzyniak (Eds.), *Memory and Change in Europe. Eastern Perspectives*, Volume 16, Contemporary European



History, Berghahn Books (246-264)

- Ambrosewicz-Jacobs, J. (2006). *Conflicts of Memory. Case Study of Obstacles in Teaching about the Holocaust in Poland*. In D. Nałęcz & M. Edgardo (Eds). *Fact and Lies in the Common Knowledge on the Holocaust*, (pp. 189-198). Warsaw-Cracow: Oficyna Wydawnicza ASPRA-JR.
 - Dziuban Z. (2014), *From national to transnational and back. Memorial sites in transistion*, "Studia nad Autorytaryzmem i Totalitaryzmem", Vol. 36, 4, Wrocław, (pp. 89-99)
 - Ambrosewicz-Jacobs, J. (1998, Fall). *Teaching the Holocaust in Post-Communist Poland*. In: Y. Elliot & C.A. Zeltser (Eds.). *Jews in Eastern Europe*, 2 (36), 5-18.
 - Ambrosewicz_Jacobs, J. (2011). *Do We Want to Remember? Commemorating the Holocaust in Practice in Post-Communist Poland from European Comparative Perspective*. In Misztal, M. & Trojański, P. (Eds.) *Poles and Jews. History - Culture – Education*. Kraków: Wydawnictwo Naukowe Uniwersytetu Pedagogicznego
 - Białęcka, A. & Oleksy, K. & Regard, F. Trojański, P. (Eds.). (2010). *European pack for visiting Auschwitz-Birkenau Memorial and Museum – Guidelines for teachers and educators*, Strasbourg: Council of Europe Publishing.
 - Huener, J. (2003). *Auschwitz, Poland and the politics of commemoration, 1945-1975*. Athens: Ohio State University Press.
 - Kucia, M. (2001). *KL Auschwitz in the social consciousness of Poles, A.D. 2000*. In Maxwell, E. & Roth, J.K. (Ed). *Remembering for the Future: The Holocaust in an age of Genocide*. Vol. 3. (oo. 632-651). London: Palgrave.
 - Radziwił, A. (1989). *The teaching of the history of the Jews in secondary schools in the Polish People's Republic, 1940-1988*. POLIN: Studies in Polish Jewry, 4, 402-424.
 - Steinlauf, M. (1997). *Bondage to the Dead: Poland and the Memory of the Holocaust*. Syracuse, NY: Syracuse University Press.
 - Świebocka, T. (2000). *The Auschwitz-Birkenau Memorial and Museum: from Commemoration to Education*. POLIN: Studies in Polish Jewry, 13, (290-299).
 - Węgrzynek, H. (2006). *The Holocaust and Jewish history as presented in current Polish Textbooks*. In D. Nałęcz & M. Edgardo (Eds.), *Fact and lies in the common knowledge on the Holocaust* (pp. 147-161). Warsaw-Cracow: Oficyna Wydawnicza ASPRA-JR.
 - T. Lutz, D. Silberklang, P. Trojanski, J. Wetzl, M. Bistrovic (Eds), (2015) *Killing Sites. Research and Remembrance*, IHRA series, vol.1, Metropol, Berlin
 - A. Mirga-Kruszelnicka, E. Acuña and P. Trojański (Eds), (2015), *Education for Remebrance of the Roma Genocide: Scholarship, Commemoration and the Role of Youth*, Kraków 2015
 - Monique Eckmann, Doyle Stevick and Jolanta Ambrosewicz-Jacobs (Eds), *Research in Teaching and Learning about the Holocaust. A Dialogue Beyond Borders*, IHRA series, vol. 3, Metropol Verlag & IHRA, 2017
- (http://holocaustremembrance.com/sites/default/files/research_in_teaching_and_learning_about_the_holocaust_web.pdf)



Course card

Course title	Cultural heritage of Poland as a part of an educational process		
Semester (winter/summer)	Summer	ECTS	5
Lecturer(s)	dr Mateusz Drozdowski		
Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies		

Course objectives (learning outcomes)

Aim of the course is to provide students with a basic knowledge on the monuments of the cultural and historical heritage of Poland. Special emphasis will be put on the didactics of that issue, especially methods of presenting and interpreting the heritage used in an educational process. Therefore an additional objective is to train students in the techniques that can be useful in a future work as teachers. From a substantive point of view widely presented is mainly the architecture: part of the cultural heritage that is visible in the Polish landscape and can be taught using multimedia presentations. Particular attention is paid to the monuments of Kraków and Małopolska as well as some elements of knowledge on the heritage protection. Examples of painting and literature are also briefly discussed.

Prerequisites

Knowledge	History of art at the high school level.
Skills	Ability to read and understand academic and popular science texts related to the history of culture, civilization, history of art and issues of a heritage protection. The ability to put questions on the basis of the literature and draw conclusions. Ability to write an essay/prepare a project based on the literature on the subject.
Courses completed	None

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type						
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)	
Contact hours			15					

Teaching methods:

Discussion during the classes, multimedia presentations shown by the lecturer, educational walk around Cracow, finally: individual project.

Assessment methods:



	E – learning	Didactic games	Classes in schools	Field classes	Laboratory tasks	Individual project	Group project	Discussion participation	Student's presentation	Written assignment (essay)	Oral exam	Written exam	Other
				X		X		X					

Assessment criteria	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Presence during the classes (one absence without leave is allowed). 2. Students are required to prepare an individual project consisting of two parts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - plan of a tourist route presenting part of the cultural or historical heritage of Poland; - a short essay describing the places and monuments mentioned in the tourist route. The essay has to be at least 5 pages long and include bibliography and references to the academic texts.
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Comments	None
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Course content (topic list)

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is heritage? Cultural heritage of Poland on the UNESCO list. 2. The most important Polish museums and institutions responsible for the protection of a cultural heritage. Heritage routes in Poland. 3. Interpretation of the heritage: methods of presenting the cultural and historical heritage in educational process 4. Examples of the Polish architecture: Romanism, Gothic, Renaissance, Mannerism, Baroque and Classicism. 5. An educational walk of Krakow: Historicism, Art Nouveau, Modernism. 6. The most important monuments of painting in Poland. 7. Monuments of Polish literature. 8. Examples of folk culture in Poland.
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Compulsory reading

<p>Kolek L., <i>Polish culture: an historical introduction</i>, Lublin 1997.</p> <p>Kowalska S., <i>Cultural Heritage in Poland – the Background, Opportunities and Dangers</i>, Poznań – Kalisz 2012.</p> <p>Ostrowski J. K., <i>Sztuka Krakowa / Art of Cracow</i>, Kraków 2011.</p> <p><i>Polskie dziedzictwo nauki i kultury u progu trzeciego tysiąclecia / Polish cultural and scientific heritage at the dawn of the Third Millennium</i>, red. E. Szczepanik, Toruń 2012.</p>

Recommended reading

Fabiański M., Purchla J., *Historia architektury Krakowa w zarysie*, Kraków 2001.

Kaczmarek S., *Architecture of Poland as the heritage of past and present: castles, palaces and mansions, historic cities*, in: *Poland: history, culture and society: selected readings*, ed. E. Bielawska-Batorowicz, Łódź 2015.

Kox B., *The architecture of Poland*, London 1971.



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Miłobędzki A., *The architecture of Poland: a chapter of the European heritage*, Kraków 1994.
Polish painting, ed. by Andrzejewska H., Warszawa 1997.
Pruszyński J., *Dziedzictwo kultury Polski, jego straty i ochrona prawna*, t. I-II, Kraków 2001.
Rożek M., *Przewodnik po zabytkach Krakowa*, Kraków 2006.



Course card

Course title	Iconography of power. Krakow and Poland as the important part of Europe		
Semester (winter/summer)	winter	ECTS	5
Lecturer(s)	Jaroslaw Pietrzak, Ph.D.		
Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies		

Course objectives (learning outcomes)

This introductory lecture examines how images can convey very potent political and ideological messages. Students are introduced to the basic procedures and principles in iconographic analysis to learn to identify and interpret symbols, attributes, and emblems concealed in images of power and to reveal the underlying message and place it in the broader cultural context.

Prerequisites

Knowledge	Student has an overall knowledge at the high school diploma level.
Skills	Without special requirements
Courses completed	<p>The lecture will end with a short test summarizing the knowledge of Polish history and culture acquired by the lecture participants, referring to the symbolism of power</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Familiarization with the knowledge connected with European and Polish symbols of power 2. Knowledge resulting from familiarization with iconographic source materials and subject literature 3. Showing multicultural relations and connections between Krakow and general Poland with the West and East part of Europe 4. Competences in the field of language, learning about a new cultural and artistic circle

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type						
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)	
Contact hours	15							X

Teaching methods:



The teaching method is based on the author's lecture using multimedia presentation and other teaching aids. It is possible to lecture at cultural institutions, e.g. museums. Each lecture will be enriched with a summary and initiation of the final discussion, which will allow the exchange of knowledge and experience in the field of cultural contexts

Assessment methods:

Other	Written exam	Oral exam	Written assignment (essay)	Student's presentation	Discussion participation	Group project	Individual project	Laboratory tasks	Field classes	Classes in schools	Didactic games	E – learning

Assessment criteria	At the end of the course students should deliver a short essay (max. 5 standard pages) on the topic chosen from the prepared list. The essay has to include the bibliography and references to the academic texts.
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Comments	Not applicable
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Course content (topic list)

1. Organizational classes.
2. Polish symbols of power and its history.
3. The idea of power inscribed in numismatics (lecture connected with going to the Hutten-Czapski Museum in Krakow)
4. Iconography of power of Polish kings and queens from the Piast and Jagiellonian dynasties (Xth-XVIth century)
5. Iconography of power of Polish kings and queens - Times of elective rulers (XVIth-XVIIIth century)
6. Tadeusz Kosciuszko and Jozef Pilsudski - two Polish heroes and „uncrowned kings of Poland”.
7. Power of science - Jagiellonian University and its symbols (lecture connected with going to the Collegium Maius, Church of Saint Anne, Collegium Novum.)
8. Polish burghers and the symbolism of its power from XVth to XIXth century.

Compulsory reading

Michael J. Salevouris, The Methods and Skills of History: A Practical Guide
Roelof van Straten, An Introduction to Iconography: Symbols, Allusions and Meaning in the Visual Arts (Documenting the Image), Psychology Press, 1994.

Recommended reading

(all necessary materials will be delivered by the teacher in due time)



Course card

Course title	Education, museum and culture		
Semester (summer/winter)	Summer	ECTS	5
Lecturer(s)	Jarosław Pietrzak, PhD		
Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies		

Course objectives (learning outcomes)

The aim of the course is to discuss the development and achievements of Polish museology/museums and to introduce the principles of museum activity at the educational level. To familiarize students with the differences in the activities of museums and other institutions conducting cultural and exhibition activities, to characterize the types of exhibitions; discussion of the social and scientific function of shows and their importance for historical education.

Prerequisites

Knowledge	Student knows the most important threads of polish cultural heritage and museums and understand phenomena of cultural education for general process develop of humane.
Skills	Student is ready to use museum space, exhibitions and institution of culture to develop cultural competences in education and self-education.
Courses completed	Students will be able to transfer this knowledge to discuss cultural phenomena (past or present) and sharpened their research skills by conducting their own small scale research project.

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type					
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)
Contact hours			15			15	

Teaching methods:

Lecture, discussion, essays, presentations, field trip, workshops, city and museum games

Assessment methods:



	E – learning	Didactic games	Classes in schools	Field classes	Laboratory tasks	Individual project	Group project	Discussion participation	Student's presentation	Written assignment (essay)	Oral exam	Written exam	Other
		x	x	x						x			

Assessment criteria	Students are required to prepare an essay. The essay contains at least 8 pages long and include the bibliography and references to the academic texts. Attendance of 70% of lectures and trips
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Comments	LOCAL GRADE / ECTS GRADE
	5,0 / A - excellent
	4,5 / B - very good
	4 / C - good
	3,5 / D - satisfactory
	3 / E - acceptable
	2 / F - failed
	Credited without marks / Pass

Course content (topic list)

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Organizational classes. 2. The royal residences as a special type of cultural heritage and museum – The castle of Wawel. 3. The role of universities in museum education – case of Museum of Jagiellonian University and Documentation Centre of Deportations, Expulsions and Resettlement. 4. Archaeological methods in the study of history: The Archaeological Museum in Kraków – the oldest archeological museum in Poland. 5. Museum education in the field – field games and places of commemoration in the urban space, case of Kościuszko Mound, Park Jordana, Planty Park. 6. The industrial heritage in education: Museum of Nowa Huta and Nowa Huta like as example city-garden and architectural of Socialist realism. 7. Participatory museum – modern museums of contemporary art – MOCAK – Museum of Contemporary Art in Kraków 8. Multimedia in the development of museum education.
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Compulsory reading



Michael J. Salevouris, *The Methods and Skills of History: A Practical Guide*
G.K. Talboys, *Using Museums as an Educational Resource: An Introductory Handbook for Students and Teachers 2nd Edition*, Ashgate Publishing Limited 2010.
Running a museum Practical Handbook, a Trainer's Manual (online)
F. Silverman, B. Bartley, *Who is Educating Whom? Two-way Learning in Museum/University Partnerships*, Journal of Museum Education vol. 38, 2013, p. 154-163.
S.K. Nichols, *Museums, Universities & Pre-Service Teachers*, Journal of Museum Education, Vol. 39, 2014, p. 3-9.
N. Prottas, *Where Does the History of Museum Education Begin?*, Journal of Museum Education, vol. 44, 2019, p. 337-341.
D.T. Schaller, *The Meaning Makes It Fun Game-Based Learning for Museums*, Journal of Museum Education, Vol. 36, 2011, p. 261-268.

Recommended reading

G. Wyrick, *All Together Now: Teens and Museums*, Journal of Museum Education, Volume 39, 2014, p. 231-235.
M. Deetsch, R. Glass, R. Jankowski, *Visual Literacy and Its Impact on Pre-literacy Development*, Journal of Museum Education, Vol. 43, p. 148-158.
B. Paynter, C. Zuleta, *Rooted in the Past, Active for the Future: Museums and Inspiring a New Generation of Citizens*, Journal of Museum Education, Vol. 43, 2018, p. 137-147.
H.R. Gray, *Geo-Caching. Place-Based Discovery of Virginia State Parks and Museums*, Journal of Museum Education, Vol. 32, 2007, p. 285-291.



Course card

Course title	Oral History		
Semester (winter/summer)	winter	ECTS	5
Lecturer(s)	dr hab. Wiktoria Kudela-Świątek		
Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies		

Course objectives (learning outcomes)

Oral history is the collection and study of historical information about individuals, families, important events, or everyday life using audiotapes, videotapes, or transcriptions of planned interviews. These interviews are conducted with people who participated in or observed past events and whose memories and perceptions of these are to be preserved as an aural record for future generations. Oral history strives to obtain information from different perspectives and most of these cannot be found in written sources. The seminar will introduce students to the method and theory of oral history. The course will include reading assignments on the method of oral history, the preparation of oral history projects and the evaluation of oral narratives.

Prerequisites

Knowledge	Student understands how people have existed, acted and thought in the always different context of the past.
Skills	Student is able to read and analyse texts, primary and secondary sources, both critically and empathetically, while addressing questions of origins, content, perspective and purpose, value, and limitations. Has basic technical, analytical, decision-making and investigative skills
Courses completed	Students will be familiar with central topics and key theories in the interdisciplinary field of oral history. Students will be able to transfer this knowledge to discuss cultural phenomena (past or present) and sharpened their research skills by conducting their own small scale research project.

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type						
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)	
Contact hours			X					

Teaching methods:

Lecture, discussion, individual project (research plan) , presentations, field trip



Assessment methods:

Other	Written exam	Oral exam	Written assignment (essay)	Student's presentation	Discussion participation	Group project	Individual project	Laboratory tasks	Field classes	Classes in schools	Didactic games	E – learning
					X		X		X			

Assessment criteria	Students are required to prepare an project. A 5 - page research plan and corresponding oral report. The plan should contain a purpose statement that notes a central research problem and corresponding research questions, issues and hypothesis, a statement on how oral history will help reach research goals and expand knowledge, a review of the pertinent literature, biographies of persons to be interviewed, and a statement of expected findings and their significance.
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Comments	
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Course content (topic list)

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is Oral History? 2. The Art and Method of Telling 3. Community and Oral History 4. Interviewing 5. Interpreting 6. Collection 7. Ethics 8. Planning and Managing Own Oral History Projects

Compulsory reading

<p>Perks, Robert and Alistair Thomson. <i>The Oral History Reader</i>. New York: Routledge, 1998 (Electronic copy is available at library).</p> <p>Paul Thompson, <i>The Voice of the Past. Oral History</i>, Oxford 2003 (Electronic copy is available at library).</p> <p>Valerie Yow, <i>Recording Oral History</i>, Oxford 2005 (Electronic copy is available at library).</p>
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Recommended reading

- W. Kudela-Świątek, *Linguistic images of enslavement in biographical narratives of Poles in Kazakhstan* [in:] *The Linguistic Worldview: Ethnolinguistics, Cognition and Culture*, eds. A. Glaz, P. Łozowski, D. Danaher, London 2013, pp. 459-473.



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- W. Kudela-Świątek, *Forgotten Poles. The narratives of modern repatriates from Kazakhstan about their past and present Polishness* [in:] *Oral History. Dialog with Society*, ed. I. Garda-Rozenberga, Riga 2013, p. 126-135 [http://issuu.com/lufsi/docs/oral_history]
- W. Kudela-Świątek, *Marriage of convenience...In search of new analytical methods in oral history*, „Teatr i Historie” 2014, t. 14, pp. 49-67.



Course card

Course title	How to teach history online?		
Semester (winter/summer)	Summer	ECTS	5
Lecturer(s)	dr hab. Wiktoria Kudela-Świątek		
Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies		

Course objectives (learning outcomes)

This course will help you develop a working understanding of successful online teaching strategies that you can apply in your own practice. Integrating online technologies into your teaching can be a challenging prospect, and it can be difficult to know how to approach it effectively for the benefit of both pupils and yourself. This course will help you draw on your teaching strengths and find the approach that is right for you, your students and your educational context.

This course will guide you through your journey of understanding how online technologies can enhance your course design. You will have the opportunity to develop your understanding of effective online teaching practices and their relationship to the use of different technologies. You will also be encouraged to progressively design and reflect upon your own online learning activity, assessment or resource for use in your own class.

Prerequisites

Knowledge	None
Skills	Ability to read and understand academic texts related to the motivation for learning, new technologies in education practices and Digital History. The ability to put questions on the basis of the literature and draw conclusions. Ability to write an prepare a project based on the digital resources on the subject of the course.
Courses completed	None

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type						
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)	
Contact hours			X					

Teaching methods:

Lecture, discussion, individual project (lesson plan) , workshop



Assessment methods:

Other	Written exam	Oral exam	Written assignment (essay)	Student's presentation	Discussion participation	Group project	Individual project	Laboratory tasks	Field classes	Classes in schools	Didactic games	E-learning
					X		X					

Assessment criteria	Students are required to prepare a lesson plan for online course of history (3 pages). They obligated to use 3 methods which they had learned in this course.
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Comments	none
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Course content (topic list)

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Why not Online Teaching History? 2. Open and Institutionally Supported Technologies for teachers (Classroom, MS Teams) 3. Planning Online Learning (Canva, Google Presentations) 4. Online Learning Activities (KhanAcademy) 5. Online Assessment Strategies (Kahoot, MS Forms, Google Forms) 6. Online Resources (Digital History) 7. Engaging and Motivating Students 8. Evaluation Strategies (e-portfolio)
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Compulsory reading

<p>Cantu, D. Antonio and Wilson J. Warren (2003) <i>Teaching History in the Digital Classroom</i>, New York: M. E. Sharpe.</p> <p>Creed, Tom (1997) <i>Extending the Classroom Walls Electronically</i> in William E. Campbell and Karl A. Smith (eds) <i>New Paradigms for College Teaching</i>, Edina MN: Interaction Book Co.</p>
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Recommended reading

History Teacher Available at www.historycooperative.org/htindex.html.
Journal of Online Learning and Teaching Available at <http://jolt.merlot.org>.
Innovate. Available at www.innovateonline.info.
Teaching History: A Journal of Methods Available at www.emporia.edu/socsci/journal/main.htm.



Course card

Course title	New Perspectives on Contemporary History: Totalitarianisms in the 20 th Century		
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Semester (winter/summer)	Winter	ECTS	5
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Lecturer(s)	Dr Piotr Puchalski	
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Department	Institute of History and Archival Studies	
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Course objectives (learning outcomes)

Students are expected to read and learn about historical developments in the post-World War II era and appreciate the historical roots of these issues.

Prerequisites

Knowledge	Student has a background knowledge about the history and political geography.
Skills	Student is able to analyze basic issues connected with international relations.
Courses completed	n/a

Course organization

Form of classes	W (Lecture)	Group type						
		A (large group)	K (small group)	L (Lab)	S (Seminar)	P (Project)	E (Exam)	
Contact hours			15					

Teaching methods:

Lecture, collaborative discussion.

Assessment methods:

E-learning	Didactic games	Classes in schools	Field classes	Laboratory tasks	Individual project	Group project	Discussion participation	Student's presentation	Written assignment (essay)	Oral exam	Written exam	Other

Assessment criteria	Students are required to prepare an essay. The essay contains at least 5 pages long and include the bibliography and references to the academic texts.
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Comments

Course content (topic list)

1. Organizational classes
2. Totalitarian ideologies and the processes of the formation of "new type" states
3. Countries of a new type - USSR
4. Countries of a new type - the Third Reich and Fascist Italy
5. Appeasement as a phenomenon of satisfying totalitarian states
6. Everyday life in totalitarian systems
7. Disintegration of totalitarian systems
8. Problems with the settlement of past crimes

Compulsory reading

LEFFLER Melvyn, WESTAD Odd Arne (2010) *The Cambridge History of the Cold War. Vol. I: Origins.* Cambridge University Press, Cambridge e.a.
Mark Mazower, "The Deserted Temple: Democracy's Rise and Fall," in *Dark Continent: Europe's Twentieth Century* (New York: Knopf, 1999), pp. 1-39

Recommended reading

Deudney, Daniel, and G. John Ikenberry. "Who Won the Cold War?" *Foreign Policy*, no. 87, 1992, pp. 123–138.
Sasha D. Pack, "Tourism and Political Change in Franco's Spain," in *Spain Transformed: The Late Franco Dictatorship, 1959-75*, ed. Nigel Townson (New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2007), pp. 47-66
Fitzpatrick, Sheila. *The Russian Revolution*. 3rd edition. Oxford University Press, 2000